

NEWS BY THE AUSTRALIAN MAIL.

The Eastern and Australian Co's steamship *Alma*, Capt. Winthrop Ellis, with the Sydney mails up to the 5th June, arrived in port yesterday morning. We extract the subjoined telegrams from our Australian exchanges:-

LONDON, June 2nd.

In reply to a question asked by Sir Wilfrid Lawson in the House of Commons, Mr. Matthews, the Home Secretary, said the fight between Jackson and Slavin seems to be similar to that between Slavin and McNeill in 1850 at the Ormond Club, and in respect to which proceedings were taken. He was, however, making inquiries to see if the fight came within the meaning of the term athletic display.

The Austrian millionaire, Baron Hirsch, last year spent and pledged in charities the sum of £1,000,000 in all parts of Europe. His gross winnings on English race-courses were given to the London hospitals.

The Duke of Devonshire yielded in the recent trouble to the first appeal of the Bishop of Durham, based on the broad grounds of humanity.

A despatch from America announces that the Convent of the Sacred Heart has offered a purse of £2000 for a fight between Peter Jackson and Joe Goddard. The offer is conditional on Goddard being victorious in his approaching fight with Joe McNeill.

The *Times* has obtained an injunction against the *St. James's Gazette* to restrain that journal from copying Mr. Rudyard Kipling's articles now appearing in the *Times*.

The question of representation at the great Unionist Convention, to be held in Belfast on June 17th, for the purpose of protesting against Home Rule being granted to Ireland, has been considered by the Grand Orange Lodge, and that body has decided that it shall not attend in its corporate capacity, but urges its members to support the Convention.

June 3rd.

The terrible fire which occurred in a silver mine at Pischram, in Bohemia, in consequence of the explosion of an incendiary, up to the present time 110 bodies of the 350 missing men have been recovered. The work of rescue is being pushed on in the face of terrible dangers, and several engaged in the work have perished at their posts.

A resolution has been passed by the Lower House that the State shall support the families of the victims. It appears that the mine, which has been worked for many hundred years, was flooded in the 15th century.

The fight between Jack Slavin, brother and trainer of F. P. Slavin, and on Ricardo, trainer of Peter Jackson, took place at the Ormond Club last night, and after a contest lasting nineteen rounds the victory was accorded to Slavin. For the first 11 rounds the fighting was of a very scrambling character, and Ricardo seemed to have slightly the better of affairs. In the twelfth round, however, Slavin worked up a bit, and pulling himself together, fought much better. His hitting became harder, and he got in some very strong and effective blows on his opponent's face. The fifteenth round Ricardo was getting much the worse of the bout and at the end of the nineteenth round he was knocked out.

Jim Hall has declined to meet Bob Fitzsimmons in consequence of his engagement to meet Ted Pritchard within three months.

At the annual meeting of the P. and O. Co. to-day the Chairman (Sir Thomas Sutherland) made a statement that, compared with the year 1890, the receipts of the company last year fell off \$60,000, a result which he attributed largely to lower freight and loss on exchanges. The traffic had been to some extent restricted, while there was an additional competition of 2,000,000 tons to be met. Experience showed that ships of the newest type only could be worked at a profit. Speaking on the shipping trade he said there were lying in British ports shipping to the extent of 1,000,000 tons. Economy will be practiced by the company by the use of eastern instead of British coal, the former being 10s. per ton cheaper.

The official inquiry into the recent floods in Kansas show them to have been terribly severe. It is estimated that at the lowest figure the damage must have amounted to 10,000,000.

Mr. Gladstone has intimated that he will attend and take part in a conference on labor matters with the executive of the London Trades Council, which is to meet on June 16th.

The report of the Select Committee of the House of Commons, appointed to inquire into the question of the hours worked by railway servants, has been presented to Parliament. The committee comments in very adverse terms on the employers of the railway companies of Great Britain.

The Venezuelan insurgents have gained another victory over President Palmaro and the Government troops, and have captured the important town of Valencia, situated within a short distance of Caracas, the capital city. Malvin, the river port, has also fallen into their hands. They are being encouraged by ex-President Paul.

The weekly returns of the Bank of England, published to-day, show the proportion of reserve to liabilities to be 44 per cent, or 1 per cent less than last week. The total reserve in notes and bullion is £16,100,000, being a decrease of £400,000.

La Fliche, who was favourite for the Oaks, won by a short head from The Smew, whilst Lady Harriet was a bad third.

The underwriters of the steamer *Port Douglas* have accepted an offer to save the vessel and cargo for 40 per cent of the value recovered.

According to press reports it is impossible, in the opinion of the Salvation Army leaders, that the class selected to proceed to the overseas colony, in furtherance of the "Darkest England" scheme of "General" Booth, will become chargeable upon the charities or the Government of New Zealand. Therefore it is considered that the guarantee suggested on behalf of the Government of that colony is needless.

By the wreck of the steamer *Port Douglas*, one of the English-Australian line, the Victorian Government lost £4,400 worth of stationery and a large quantity of cartridges and railway material. All the goods were insured.

With regard to the meeting between the Czar of Russia and the Emperor William of Germany at Kiel on Tuesday next, it is declared by the official press of Berlin that the Czar specially desired the interview with the German Emperor.

Mr. Justice North, at the instance of the *Times*, granted an injunction without damages restraining the *St. James's Gazette* from reprinting Mr. Rudyard Kipling's article "In Sight of Montenegro." An injunction was refused with regard to selected news paragraphs extracted from the *Times*.

The terms of the judgment show that the protection of literary products by the copyright law extends over articles and news published in a newspaper.

Mr. Gladstone intends to deliver three speeches in Midlothian.

The London Trades Council has been arranged to meet Mr. Gladstone on the 16th instant.

An official announcement has been made of the betrothal of Princess Marie, eldest daughter of the Duke of Edinburgh, to Prince Ferdinand

of Roumania, nephew of the reigning monarch and heir to the throne.

Her Majesty the Queen has expressed herself as much gratified by the betrothal of her granddaughter to the heir presumptive to the Roumanian Throne.

The Parliament and people of Roumania are enthusiastically delighted with the event, and the Foreign Minister has stated that the friendship of the two countries has been cemented by it.

Bitter comments are appearing in the German and French press on the barbarity which it is alleged has been practised by the Protestants under British control in Uganda. It is stated that these Protestants have improperly attacked the Roman Catholics and robbed 50,000 natives of their possessions, burned down their houses and taken 1000 women and children into slavery. The statement is attracting some attention in the English press, where strong doubts are expressed of the authenticity of the allegations, and confirmation or otherwise is awaited till a report is received from Captain Lugard, the leader of the British East African Expedition.

Speaking in the House of Commons, Sir William Vernon Harcourt said that he thought the British East Africa Co. should be held liable by the Government for the outrages which it is alleged have taken place at Uganda.

France demands the reorganization of the militia to punish the aggressors.

It is reported that the British East Africa Co. intends to withdraw Captain Lugard from the command of its expedition in December.

The cholera epidemic at the town of Srinegri, in the province of Cachemire, Central India, is causing tremendous mortality. Already over 3000 deaths have been reported.

A writer in the *Berliner Telegraph*, describing the German colony in East Africa, states that it is being ruled by arbitrary laws and bureaucracy.

June 4th.

It is announced that the Empire Trade League is urging Canada to send delegates to Australia to confer on the question of the establishment of reciprocal trade relations between Great Britain and the Colonies.

In an article to-day the *Economist* says that Mr. Dilke is not wanted in London at the present time to enlighten the British public on the position of affairs in Australia. The borrowing policy of Australia, it claims, is a depressed state below Canadian and African bonds. The paper also disputes the correctness of Mr. Cobden's estimates of the wealth, rentals, wages, and land values of the colonies.

The *Times*, in an article on the recent case in which it obtained an injunction against the *St. James's Gazette* to prevent that paper from publishing articles written for the *Times* by Mr. Rudyard Kipling, contends that the judgment affirms the copyright of news, despite the statement of Mr. Justice North in delivering judgment. Other journals deny that the judgment will have this effect in the event of its being confirmed.

Ted Pritchard has deposited half of his stake for the fight with Jim Hall. It has been arranged that the match shall come off on August 23.

In a letter to the *Times* Robert Louis Stevenson makes some severe comments on Baron von Pilsach, President of the Council at Apia, Samoa, and Mr. Cedervants, the Chief Justice, and demands that the latter shall be replaced by a new judge.

A dispute has taken place between Germany and France on the ownership of Aldora, an island in the Indian Ocean, situated about 200 miles north-west of Madagascar.

In the event of John L. Sullivan beating Jim Corbett in the forthcoming fight between them for the championship, it is expected that an American club will offer a purse of 10,000 dollars for a fight between Sullivan and Peter Jackson.

One of the men engaged in the rescue of those entombed in the silver mine at Pischram, at which the terrible fire occurred resulting in the loss of so many lives, met with a fearful end when coming out of the mine with one of the unfortunate. He had already saved no less than 72, and was effecting the 12th rescue when he was killed.

The *Statist* states that the British Cabinet is divided on the subject of protection, and that the recent speech of the Premier, Lord Salisbury, in which he has advocated the adoption of protection by Great Britain was pointed out, was deliberately intended to offer encouragement to the fair-trade party. Proceeding to comment on the matter, the paper states as its conviction that if a protective policy is insisted upon by the Conservatives that party will not get into office again for a generation.

Of the 350 men entombed in the silver mine which caught fire at Pischram, Bohemia, only 13 have been recovered alive. The remains of the dead whose bodies have been taken out of the mine in 12 waggon loads. The damage to the mine is estimated at \$2,250,000. Investigations show, it is stated, that it was fired in several places at once, thus strengthening the belief that the disaster was the work of incendiaries.

The Paris banking house of Blondel and Garrier has become insolvent. Liabilities are set down at £250,000.

It is reported that Mrs. Labouchere, the wife of the well-known politician and journalist, is about to be received into the Roman Catholic Church.

The *National Zeitung* of Berlin deprecates the acceptance of the charges made against Captain Lugard, leader of the British East African expedition, until an inquiry has been held.

The Secretary-General of the Père Blancs, the white fathers of the French missions, who is now in Paris, asserts that the Catholic mission in Uganda has been utterly destroyed. He says that 17 missionaries, 12 priests, and 1000 neophytes were stripped of everything, and also that a thousand women and children were reduced to slavery.

It is reported that Lady Edith Howe, Lady Somers, Mrs. Labouchere, and a dozen well-known persons in London have been converted to the Roman Church.

Many of the victims by the fire in the silver mine at Prague, in Bohemia, died slowly from starvation and suffocation. The walls of the mine were found in their pockets, having evidently been written shortly before their deaths.

Mr. Chamberlain warns the Nonconformists that England would be false to her traditions if she were to allow Home Rule in Ireland, which would place the lives, property, and the religious liberty of their co-religionists under a nominal Irish hierarchy.

President Harrison declares that the Silver Conference will make a genuine effort to arrive at some agreement as to the ratio between gold and silver. It will also, he states, endeavour to come to an agreement by which the colour of silver shall take place as freely as that of gold in the mints of the world.

An anarchist of the name of Drouot has revealed the hiding-place of 150 dynamite cartridges in Paris.

The house of a jeweller at Kensington, in Kensington, has been wrecked by dynamite. Two people were killed and many others were injured.

The Government intends to ask the House of Commons to guarantee Mauritius a relief loan of £500,000.

The *Statist* asserts that the speech made by Lord Salisbury at Hastings, upon fair trade, has produced a division in the Cabinet.

A suggestion has been made by Mr. Timothy Harrington, M.P. (Parnellite) that the different sections of the Irish party should call a truce and maintain their respective positions until Mr. Gladstone produced his Home Rule bill.

June 5th.

A suggestion made with a view to defeat the Unionists has been made by Mr. John Dillon, M.P., who thinks that in order to prevent a split in the votes among the different sections of the Home Rule party it is advisable that a Board should arbitrate and decide on the chances of the different Home Rule candidates.

LATER.

It is stated that the Parnellites do not view Mr. Dillon's suggestion with favor, but are determined to fight the Nationalists in every seat. Mr. John Redmond, M.P., has sailed on a political tour through the United States. Mr. Wm. H. Redmond has announced his determination to seek the suffrages of the electors of Cork at the forthcoming election.

The French Government deny that they have taken occupation of the Aldabra Islands, at the entrance to Mozambique Channel, about which France and Germany are disputing the right of possession.

The betrothal of Princess Marie of Edinburgh to Prince Ferdinand of Roumania, heir to the throne, has received the expressed approval of the Russian Government.

A terrible fire has occurred at Kovno, in the agricultural district of Russian Poland, destroying 300 houses and leaving 2,000 people homeless.

The Italian Government has been defeated on the financial proposals submitted to the Legislature by the Premier, Signor Giolitti. The Chamber of Deputies in committee has, however, granted the Government an advance sufficient to carry on for a month.

Latest news from Venezuela shows that the revolutionaries are gaining further successes. The commander of the insurgent forces has captured the province of Carabobo, on the Orinoco, together with a great quantity of munitions of war and a large body of prisoners. The Government troops were entirely routed, and several hundreds were killed.

It is probable that the conference of the Powers on the silver question will be held in Paris.

Mrs. Melba, after a lengthy absence on the Continent, reappeared in London last night at the Covent Garden Theatre, and met with a most enthusiastic reception.

Assertions are made in the *Volksrecht Zeitung*, a Berlin daily paper, to the effect that the Protestant missionaries at Uganda are in reality political agents for Great Britain. The action of Captain Lugard, as leader of the British East Africa Co.'s expedition, is the subject of strong condemnation by the paper.

June 6th.

There is a growing feeling that the British are not in any way guilty of the troubles which have arisen between the natives in Uganda.

Some excitement has been caused by the discovery of several cases of poisoning recently, in which young girls have been the victims. The police, it is stated, have clues which will lead to the identification of the poisoner.

It is reported, in connection with the fire in the silver mine at Prague, in Bohemia, that 27 miners were suffocated whilst attempting to rescue their comrades who were in peril in the mine.

The strictures which have been passed by Mr. R. L. Stevenson on the administration of affairs in Samoa has aroused the indignation of the Berlin press.

The *Times* has published an article in which it is stated that the aborigines of Northern Queensland are treated by the whites like wild beasts. At the present time the *Times* does not think it would be politic to provoke a discussion on the matter. Speaking on the question of alien labor, it expresses the belief that inferior races can be utilized in Australia with more advantage than that permanent settlement must be avoided.

It is reported that last week 14,000 Jews left Odessa for England, America, and Australia.

Mr. Blaine's action in resigning his office as Secretary of State to the United States Government is attributed to personal bickerings with President Harrison.

Mr. Wharton has been appointed to temporarily succeed Mr. Blaine.

An interview with Mr. Edmund Barton, Attorney-General of New South Wales, appears in the *Pall Mall Gazette*. Mr. Barton refuses any charge of treachery against Sir Henry Pakenham, and declares that he arranged with the Premier, Mr. Dilke, that federation shall be one of the earliest questions to be submitted to Parliament in the proper session of 1893. When passed, the Federation Bill will, he states, have to be submitted to a second convention, then to the local Parliament, and then to the people by means of a general election or a popular representative conference.

BRISBANE, June 6th.

The Commissioner of Police has received telegrams from Clunbury, reporting a threatened invasion of Chinese. The information is extremely vague, but it appears that travellers who have been on the road from Anthony's Lagoon in South Australia state that the road is lined with Chinese making for Queensland. Further reports are to the effect that large numbers are making their way by sea from Port Darwin to Queensland. The police have been instructed to strictly enforce the Chinese regulations, and if any danger of an invasion by Chinese threatens they are to be met and sent back. Additional police will be despatched to cope with any emergency.

LONDON, June 7th.

It is reported that a revolt has occurred in Armenia, in which the Turkish troops have been defeated.

M. Alexandre Ribot, Minister of Foreign Affairs in the French Government, claims the right to occupy Saint Paul and Amsterdam Islands. The islands are in the Indian Ocean, midway between the Cape of Good Hope and the west coast of Australia.

The formation of a State Labour Department is strongly opposed by Mr. Gladstone.

The steamer *Markon* has been burned on the Unschel River, in Russia. Sixty people were drowned.

June 8th.

The election campaign is now in full swing. Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, in a sanguine speech in Birmingham, stated that Ulster was organizing the biggest convention ever seen in the United Kingdom.

The Anti-Society has presented a memorial to Lord Salisbury, expressing dismay at the reversal by Sir Samuel Griffith of his former humane decision with respect to the Kanaka traffic. The memorial points out that every effort hitherto made to regulate the trade has failed, and Lord Salisbury is urged to withhold the sanction of

the Imperial Government from any continuance of the employment of Kanaka labour in Queensland.

The election of Mr. Farnett, of New York, as temporary chairman of the National Republican Convention has increased the confidence of the leaders of the party who are seeking the election of Mr. Blaine as President.

Canada has issued a loan of two millions and a quarter, the interest being 3 per cent, and the minimum has been fixed at £91. Tenders will close on the 14th instant.

The Portuguese Cabinet declines to ratify the proposed new loan, believing that when it became exhausted the nation would be bankrupt.

The Miners' International Congress, now being held in London, has passed a resolution in favour of the eight hours' system for all underground workers.

The Mormons, who are forming a new settlement in Mexico, are removing polygamy.

Madame Melba is to sing at a State concert at Buckingham Palace on the 1st of July.

President Harrison has been selected by the National Republican Convention as the party candidate, Blaine being hopelessly defeated. A scene of the wildest excitement ensued upon the result of the ballot being announced. Blaine's defeat as a candidate for the Presidency was warmly welcomed both in Great Britain and Canada. Whitlaw Reid has been unanimously elected as Vice-President.

An American named Thomas Neill has been arrested in London on a charge of blackmailing Dr. Harper in connection with the alleged poisoning of two girls. The police hint at some startling revelations which will show there has been a systematic poisoning of girls, and that there have been seven or eight victims.

The International Miners Congress in London has decided against extending the 8-hours a day system to surface workers, but resolved to prepare the ground for an international strike if the Parliament of the various countries refuse to grant the 8-hours day to miners generally.

June 14th.

Cables of the Belfast election indicate a considerable gain for the Liberals; strong feeling has been manifested against the Catholics, and a violent disturbance has occurred. Belfast is crowded with people in readiness for the great later Convention to protest against Home Rule. Considerable excitement prevails, although there has been no disorder.

Mr. Dilke, the New South Wales Premier, had an interview with Lord Kintford on the various matters affecting the Colonies, the principal being the investment of trust funds in colonial securities, which he yet had to discuss with Mr. Goschen. The question of New Caledonian escapes was also brought up, and probably Mr. Dilke will visit President Carnot with the object of urging the desirability of discontinuing to send prisoners to New Caledonia.

Six persons lost their lives through the recent explosion at the arsenal in San Francisco.

The town of Galvan, Illinois, U.S., has been destroyed by a cyclone, and 20 lives were lost.

The wigwag erected in connection with the National Democratic Convention of Chicago, which was capable of holding twenty thousand people, has been destroyed by a cyclone, and seven persons were killed.

MELBOURNE, June 16th.

A slight collision has occurred between the Adelaide express and a goods train at Lull. Some of the trucks and carriages were damaged, and a few of the passengers severely shaken.

The agitation among the unemployed continues, and great destitution and distress prevail.

LONDON, June 16th.

Serious labour riots are occurring at Barcelona, in Spain. The mob has virtually taken possession of the city. A strong detachment of military has been detached to assist in restoring order.

A sensation has been created in London by the discovery that no less than nine girls have recently been poisoned by a man after it is believed, he had seduced them.

The police have arrested a man suspected in America of extensive frauds over insuring thoroughbred horses and then poisoning them at sea.

It has now been ascertained that the terrible fire at the Benkenberg silver mine, near Prague, which caused such destruction amongst the miners, was not the work of an incendiary, but occurred through the careless dropping of a candle amongst the dry timbers in the mine.

LATE TELEGRAMS.

CALCUTTA, June 16th.

The "Apari" steamer *Japan*, from Hongkong, reports that on the 8th and 9th occurred a severe gale with heavy seas, and the vessel laboured heavily. On the 9th the gale increased, the vessel shipping great quantities of water, but on the following day the weather cleared. The *Japan* had on board a large number of passengers, but sustained no damage.

WASHINGTON, June 15th.

The Treasury to-day purchased \$6,000,000 of silver at 90.20 to 90.24 cents.

CAIRO, June 15th.

The remnants of Gordon's and Baker's soldiers who have returned here declare that there are now no Egyptian troops in Equatoria except four hundred at Wadelai; and that one thousand have joined Captain Lugard, who in their opinion is enabled to defy any odds brought against him.

LONDON, June 15th.

The Gaekwar of Baroda has arrived in London. The death is announced of Admiral Boyle.

BERLIN, June 15th.

The King and Queen of Italy will arrive here on a visit to the Emperor next Monday.

All efforts to bring about a reconciliation between the Emperor and Prince Bismarck have failed. Prince Bismarck starts on Friday for Vienna, where he will attend his son Herbert's marriage. A triumphal progress is being organized for Prince Bismarck all along the route from here to Vienna.

PARIS, June 15th.

Several deaths from cholera have taken place. Paris. It is declared only to be cholera, but hospitals are being prepared to treat it.

LONDON, June 16th.

The Parnellites have issued an election manifesto in which they declare they sought peace with the McCarthyites but that they refused it, and therefore it will now be war to the knife.

Mr. Balfour speaking at St. James's Hall yesterday declared the programme of his party which, he said, admitted urgency for reform in registration and the desirability of a revision of ground rents, and favoured giving London the freest municipal government. Future legislation, he said, would turn mainly on social questions. Vienna would give Scotland control of railway bills and necessary reform of the poor law system, and extend land ownership.

The Standard states that the Indian Officers Bill is meeting with much opposition on both sides of the House of Commons, and will probably be dropped.

The following is the result of the race for the Asot Gold Cup—Buckmaster first, Best second, Breakall third.

A meeting of the New Oriental Bank took place to-day, at which it was resolved to go into voluntary liquidation. Mr. Welton was appointed provisional liquidator. Reconstruction was proposed, but not pressed, on the ground that liquidation would not bar subsequent reconstruction if feasible.

VIENNA, June 16th.

The Committee of the Reichsrath have approved of the clause in the Currency Bill providing for a gold standard.

ALLAHABAD, June 16th.

In connection with the abrogation of the Goa treaty, the *Pioneer* understands that Portugal has consented to send a representative to a mixed Commission, which it is proposed will meet immediately and proceed to settle the compensation to be given to the owners of the saltworks in Goa which were taken over during the continuance of the treaty.

June 17th.

It is understood that the Victoria Cross will be granted to Captain Aylmer, R.E., and Lieut. Bouslog, 5th Gurkhas, for gallantry at Nili in the Hindu expedition. Lieut. Munner-Smith has been recommended for a similar decoration.

LONDON, June 17th.

News has been received of the death of Chief of Captain Stairs, commanding the Anglo-Belgian expedition to Katanga.

The Indian Officers Bill has been withdrawn by Government.

Mr. Balfour replying to a question in the House of Commons said that the withdrawal of the British East Africa Company from Uganda in no wise implied that the country was to be abandoned. The proper way, he said, to maintain the British position in Uganda was to construct a railway there from the coast.

The Earl of Arundel, aide-de-camp to the Earl of Jersey, has been killed accidentally whilst out shooting near Sydney.

The Oxford University crew have agreed to row the winning crew in the forthcoming boat race in America between Harvard and Yale Universities.

Mr. Gladstone replying to a deputation of the London Trades Council urging the eight hours movement said it is declined to take up the question, and devotes the remainder of his life to Ireland.

Advices from Fes state that Sir Euan and Lady Smith, besides the entire British Mission, are prostrated with dengue fever.

NEW YORK, June 17th.

The Democratic Convention will meet at Chicago on Tuesday, for the selection of a Presidential candidate. The success of Mr. Cleveland is said to be doubtful, owing to the vehement opposition of the New Yorkers to his candidacy.

The Treasury to-day purchased 750,000 ounces of silver at prices ranging from 89.95 to 90.00 cents per ounce.

LONDON, June 18th.

In the House of Commons last night, Mr. Balfour, in replying to a question, said that Parliament would be dissolved on the 28th or 29th instant.

The Ulster Convention met at Belfast yesterday, when twelve thousand delegates representing all sects and classes were present. The Duke of Abercorn presided, and the enthusiasm throughout the meeting was frantic. On his Grace saying that all had unanimously determined to fight for home and liberty, the audience rose to a man and cheered most vehemently. Resolutions were then unanimously passed to the effect that the men of Ulster would repudiate the authority of any Parliament in Dublin.

June 19th.

In the cricket match between Nottingham and Lancashire the latter were beaten by six wickets, and in the match between Yorkshire and Middlesex the latter were beaten by four wickets.

Mr. Gladstone, speaking at a Nonconformist gathering at Clapham yesterday, charged the Government with raising religious issues. He declared that the Ulster Protestants were solidly opposed to Home Rule, and also declared that it would lead to establish a Catholic Church in Ireland. The power of the priests, he said, was due to the people's lack of legitimate freedom.

THE WRECK OF THE HINSHENG.

The China Merchants' steamship *Hinsheng* arrived at Shanghai from the north on June 28th, and brought down additional particulars of the wreck of the *Hinsheng*—for there now remains but little hope that it will turn out anything but a complete loss. The vessel is piled high up on the inner reef

Today's
Advertisements.THEATRE ROYAL
CITY HALL.HARRY STANLEY'S COMIC OPERA
AND BURLESQUE COMPANY.UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF
H. E. SIR WM. ROBINSON, K.C.M.G.TO-NIGHT (MONDAY), July 4th,
will be produced
"THE GREAT LONDON SUCCESS"
"T H E M Y K A D O,"
in 2 Acts.TO-MORROW (TUESDAY),
The Beautiful 3 Acts Burlesque,
"A L L A R O O K H,"
Introducing the Beautiful SHADOW DANCE by
Miss TRIGGE.WEDNESDAY
The whole of the Company will appear in their
GRAND VARIETIES,
acknowledged by the Press to be one of the
BEST ENTERTAINMENTS in the East.
Miss TILLY LAKE
in her celebrated Winged Dance.
Miss TRIGGE in New Dance.THURSDAY,
The Beautiful Opera in 3 Acts
"M A D A M E A N G O T."
Grand Fashionable Night
"LES CLOCHES DE CORNEVILLE"
with the May-pole Dance and BALLET of the
Cider Dance.A GREAT BILL FOR
SATURDAY
THE GREAT INDIAN DRAMA OF THE
Mr. H. STANLEY in his great Impersonation of
MYLES-NA-COPPALEEN, with SONGS
and JIG.Box Plan now open at Messrs. KELLY and
WALSH.The first-class Grand PIANO supplied by
Messrs. MOUTRIE, ROBINSON & Co.
T. EMPSON,
Manager.

Hongkong, 4th July, 1892. [696]

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
FOR KOBE.
(Calling at AMOY).THE Company's Steamship
"HIGO MARU"
Captains James Jones, will be despatched for the
above Port on WEDNESDAY, the 6th July,
at Daylight.For Freight or Passage, apply to
GEO. R. STEVENS,
Agent.

Hongkong, 4th July, 1892. [693]

THE SCOTTISH ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP
COMPANY, LIMITED.FOR SWATOW AND BANGKOK.
THE Company's Steamship"MONGKUT,"
Captains H. Deane, will be despatched for the
above Ports, on FRIDAY, the 8th instant, at
10 A.M.For Freight or Passage, apply to
YUEN FAT HONG,
Agent.

Hongkong, 4th July, 1892. [697]

PRIVATE BOARD AND RESIDENCE,
"GLENALTY BUILDINGS,"
(Nos. 12 and 14, Wyndham Street.)MRS. GILLANDERS HAS VACANCIES
FOR RESIDENT BOARDERS AND VISITORS,
also Accommodation for TABLE BOARDERS.
Hongkong, 4th July, 1892. [690]SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" will
be on sale at the Hongkong and Victoria
Hotels, opposite the Hongkong Club, and at
Pedder's Wharf, EVERY EVENING from 5.30 to
7.30 o'clock.PRICE TEN CENTS.
Copies ordered from the Office will be charged
the usual rate of 20 cents.
Advertisers are reminded that the Hongkong
Telegraph has by far the largest circulation of
any English newspaper published in the Far
East. This is GUARANTEED. Terms on
application.
Hongkong, 14th October, 1891.THE TYPHOON SEASON.
NOW READY.A SECOND EDITION OF THREE THOUSAND COPIES
OF
"THE LAW OF STORMS IN THE
EASTERN SEAS,"
(By W. Doherty, Director of Hongkong
Observatory).THIS useful work has been re-written and
greatly enlarged, and is illustrated by
lithographs showing the courses of the typhoons
of late years.
The pamphlet is issued at One Dollar, and
may be obtained from
Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited, Hongkong;
Messrs. Lane, Crawford & Co.,
Messrs. G. Falconer & Co.,
Messrs. C. J. Gaupp & Co.,
Messrs. F. Blackhead & Co.,
Messrs. Heurmann, Herbst & Co.,
Mr. W. B. Brewer,
The Hongkong Trading Co., Ltd.,
Messrs. A. A. de Mello & Co., Macao,
Messrs. N. M. de Mello & Co., Ltd., Amoy,
Messrs. H. W. Churchill, Foochow,
Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited, Shanghai,
Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited, Yokohama,
Messrs. Sayle & Co., Ltd., Singapore,
Messrs. Amédée Prince & Co., Paris & London
or the
"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" OFFICE,
Pedder's Hill, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 13th May, 1892.

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.
CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND CLOCK-
MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-
SMITHS, AND OPTICIANS.
CHARTS AND BOOKS.NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.
Sole Agents for Louis Audemars' Watches,
awarded the highest Prize at every Exhibition,
and the Volkmann and Sohn's
CELEBRATED OPERA-GLASSES,
MARINE GLASSES, and STYLUSES.
No. 4, Queen's Road, Central. [693]

Hotels.

PEAK HOTEL.

THIS commodious and well appointed
HOTEL, situated at a height of 2,500 feet
above sea-level, having been leased by the
Proprietors of the "VICTORIA HOTEL," is
NOW OPEN and will be run in conjunction with
their HOTEL in Queen's Road, thus enabling
them to offer special inducements to Visitors and
Residents.The HOTEL has been thoroughly Renovated,
Redecorated, and Refurnished.A New and Handsome BAR has been opened
on the Basement, while a new BAR and BILLIARD-ROOM have been erected on the main
floor.CHOPS, STEAKS, &c., can be served at
any hour.For full Particulars as to Rates, &c., apply to
"VICTORIA HOTEL."DORABJEE & HING-KEE,
Lessees.

Hongkong, 9th May, 1892. [450]

BAY VIEW HOTEL.

MR. OSBORNE begs to remind the Public
that every possible arrangement has
been made for the comfort and convenience of
Visitors to this popular Summer Resort. "BAY
VIEW" occupies the best situation on the
Shau-ki-wan Road, commands an excellent view
of the Harbour, and is always open to the cool
breezes from the Southward. Steam-lanterns
can at any time come alongside the jetty, adjoining
the spacious lawn.The Cuisine is unrivalled in Hongkong, and
only the best Brands of Wines, Spirits, Cigars,
&c., are kept in stock. Private Dinners or
Tiffin prepared in First-class style on the spot,
on shortest notice, and Meals can be served at all
hours.

Hongkong, 2nd May, 1892. [450]

THE SHAMEEN HOTEL.

BRITISH CONCESSION, CANTON.

THIS FIRST CLASS HOTEL, admirably
situated within a few minutes walk of the
River Steamer Wharves, is now open to receive
Visitors.The Bed-rooms are cool, airy and comfortably
furnished, and the spacious Dining Room, Sitting
Rooms, and accommodation generally will be
found equal to the best Hotels in the Far East.The Table D'Hôte is supplied with every
luxury in season, and the cuisine is in experi-
enced hands.Wines, Spirits, Malt Liqueurs, &c., of the best
quality only.

A WELL APPOINTED BILLIARD-ROOM.

A. F. DO ROZARIO,
Manager.

Hongkong, 1st September, 1891. [1115]

Intimations.

THE CHINA AND JAPAN TELEPHONE
COMPANY, LIMITED.LIST of Subscribers to the HONGKONG
TELEPHONE EXCHANGE.1.—Arnold, Karberg & Co.
2.—Aberdeen Paper Mills Office, Wing Lok St.
102.—Aberdeen Paper Mills.
24.—Anderson, Capt. G. C., Praya Central.
25.—Aberdeen Dock.
26.—Alice Memorial Hospital.
27.—Anderson, Capt. G. C., Praya East.
28.—Butterfield and Swire.
29.—Do.
30.—Bay View Hotel.
31.—Blackhead & Co., Magazine Gap.
32.—Do.
33.—Canlie, Dr. J., Victoria Peak.
34.—Central Police Station.
35.—"China Mail."
36.—Canadian Pacific Railway & S.S. Co.
37.—China Sugar Refinery, Town Office.
38.—Do.
39.—Do.
40.—Daily Press.
41.—Douglas Laprak & Co.
42.—Doddwell, Carlill & Co.
43.—Dunlop Bros. of China, Ltd.
44.—E. E. A. and China Telegraph Co., Ltd.
45.—Great Northern Telegraph Co., Ltd.
46.—Gibb, Livingston & Co.
47.—Government House.
48.—Gas Company, Ltd., West Point.
49.—Do.
50.—Government Civil Hospital.
51.—Hongkong Telegraph.
52.—Haglan, Dr. Wm., Queen's Road.
53.—Canlie, Dr. J., Queen's Road.
54.—Cowie, Dr. Alex., Queen's Road.
55.—Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.
56.—Hongkong Club.
57.—Hongkong Trading Co., Ltd.
58.—Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd.
59.—Holliday, Wise & Co.
60.—Holliday, Chas., Residence.
61.—Hongkong Hotel, Public Telephone.
62.—Hongkong Electric Co., Ltd.
63.—Hongkong Rope Factory.
64.—Hughes, E. J., Residence.
65.—Ho Tung, Praya Central.
66.—H. & K. Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd.,
Praya Central.
67.—Ho Tung, Bonham Strand.
68.—Jardine, Matheson & Co., Keropos
Godown.
69.—Jordan, Dr. G. P., Praya Central.
70.—Joseph, H. H., Residence.
71.—Jordan, Dr. G. P.
72.—Imports and Exports Office.
73.—Judd, W., Residence.
74.—Kennedy, J.
75.—Do.
76.—Laprak, J. D., Stewart Terrace.
77.—Manager, Telephone Exchange.
78.—Mount Austin Hotel.
79.—Mackintosh, E., Residence.
80.—MacKwen, Fickel & Co.
81.—Nam Wo & Co., Wing Lok Street.
82.—Peak Hospital.
83.—Peak Hotel & Trading Co., Ltd.
84.—P. & O. S. N. Co.
85.—Quarry Bay Sugar Refinery.
86.—Ray, E. C., Office, Pedder's Street.
87.—Scott, H. J., Residence.
88.—Scott, H. J., Residence.
89.—Scottish Oriental S.S. Co., Ltd.
90.—Sheehan & Co., Praya Central.
91.—Salmon's Hotel.
92.—Stevens & Co., Queen's Road.
93.—Stevens, Geo. R., "Crown Mount."
94.—Victoria Hotel, Public Telephone.
95.—Watson, A. S. & Co., Ltd.
96.—Wickham, W. H., Residence.
97.—Woo Kee & Co., Bonham Strand.
98.—Yuen Fat Hong, Bonham Strand.
The Exchange is open day and night.W. STUART HARRISON,
Manager.

Hongkong, 28th May, 1892. [450]

G. FALCONER & CO.

WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANU-
FACTURERS AND JEWELLERS.

NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Sole Agents for Louis Audemars' Watches,
awarded the highest Prize at every Exhibition,
and the Volkmann and Sohn's
CELEBRATED OPERA-GLASSES,
MARINE GLASSES, and STYLUSES.
No. 4, Queen's Road, Central. [693]

Intimations.

J. Blackhead & Co.,
SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAIL-MAKERS,
and PROVISION MERCHANTS,
NAVY CONTRACTORS, &
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS,
No. 11, Praya Central,
(Opposite Pedder's Wharf).SOLE AGENTS FOR
RANTJEN'S GENUINE COMPOSITION
FOR
THE BOTTOMS OF IRON SHIPS.HARTMAN'S GREY PAINT, specially man-
ufactured for coating the inside of STEEL SHIPS.SPECIALLY SELECTED
EXTRA PRIME PORK and BEEF in Barrels.Also
AMERICAN PRIME SUGAR-CURED
HAMS and BACON.CHR. MOTZ & Co., BORDEAUX CLARETS,
CEMENT from the celebrated Factory of
Hemmer.FLENSBURG STOCK BEER,
ENGINEERS and BLACKSMITHS'
MACHINERY and TOOLS.EVERY KIND OF
SHIPS STORES and REQUISITES
ALWAYS IN STOCK.AT
REASONABLE PRICES.ALL KINDS OF COALS
SUPPLIED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.Des Cellars of the finest old BRANDY,
COGNAC, & Star, selected expressly for F. B. &
Co. Sole Agents.SOLE AGENTS
FOR CHINA AND JAPAN
FOR THE
TULE LIFE PRESERVER
AND RAFT.Manufactured by the
REDUCTULE IMPROVEMENT COMPANY,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Cecolin

Acknowledged by the scientific world as the
MOST EFFECTIVE DISINFECTANT
DEODORISER and GERMICIDE.Neither poisonous nor caustic, may be used
by everybody without the slightest apprehension
of danger.

Hongkong, 8th March, 1892. [1115]

SIEN TING,

SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 10, D'AGUIAR STREET.
TERMS VERY MODERATE.
Consultation free.

Hongkong, 19th March, 1892. [633]

DENTISTRY.

FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP
AND
MODERATE FEES.M. R. WONG TAI-FONG,
Surgeon Dentist,
(Formerly articled Apprentice, and latterly
assistant to Dr. ROBERTS),
HAS REMOVED
TO
THE BANK BUILDINGS,
QUEEN'S ROAD,
(above Messrs. Danks Bros. of China, Ltd.).
CONSULTATION FREE.

Hongkong, 27th July, 1891. [201]

NOTICE.

JAY'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS
COMPANY, LIMITED.JAY'S WOOD PRESERVER OR
ANTISEPTIC PAINT.THE Underigned have this day been
appointed SOLE AGENTS for the sale
of these PERFECT DISINFECTANTS,
and are prepared to supply quantities to suit
purchasers at Wholesale Prices. Extra Special
terms for Shipping and large orders.SE ROBERT RAWLINSON, C.B., C.E., Chief
Sanitary Engineer, Local Government Board,
London, says
"It is the best Disinfectant in use."
W. G. HUMPHREYS & Co.,
Bank Buildings,
Hongkong, 19th June, 1888. [69]HONGKONG TIMBER
YARD, WANCHAI.OREGON PINE, SPARS, and LUMBER
Always on Hand.L. MALLORY,
Hongkong, 24th June, 1887. [641]GAIN
ONE POUND
A Day.A GAIN OF A POUND A DAY IN THE
CASE OF A MAN WHO HAS BECOME "ALL
RUN DOWN," and HAS BEGUN TO TAKE
THAT REMARKABLE FLASK PRODUCT.SCOTT'S
EMULSIONOF PURE COD LIVER OIL WITH
HYPOPHOSPHITES of Lime & Soda
in a "SCOTT'S" SPECIAL. THIS PREPARED
HAS BEEN FURNISHED OVER AND OVER
AGAIN. PALATABLE as MILK. ENDORSED
BY PHYSICIANS. THREE TIMES
AS EFFICIENT as PLAIN OIL. AVOID
SUBSTITUTIONS and IMITATIONS.
Beware of all cheap
SCOTT'S & BOWNE, LIMITED,
47, MARK LANE, LONDON, E.C.Sole Agents for Hongkong and China:
Messrs. A. S. WATSON & Co. (Limited),
Hongkong, 20th December, 1891.

Intimations.

W. POWELL & CO.

JUST RECEIVED
A FRESH ASSORTMENT OF LATEST SPECIALITIES IN
SUMMER DRESS MATERIALS.DECOSSE MUSLINS.
FANCY SURAHES.
CREPONS DE SOIE.EGYPTIAN LAWNS.
CREPE DE CHINES.
CREPONS DE LAINE.

W. POWELL & CO.

Hongkong, 4th July, 1892

THE IMPERIAL HOTEL LTD.

C. S. ARTHUR, MANAGER, TOKIO, JAPAN.

THE FINEST HOTEL IN THE EAST.

(Under the distinguished patronage of the Imperial Household.)

THIS fine hotel is situated within five minutes' drive of the terminus of the Yokohama-Tokyo
Railway and is in near proximity to the Imperial Palace, the Parliament House and the
Chief Public Offices.There are no inside rooms, thus securing well lighted, ventilated and cheerful accommoda-
tions. The Cuisine cannot be surpassed, and the aim of the management is to provide for the
comfort and pleasure of the guests. The attractions of Tokio are countless, and the religious and
social festivals being of daily occurrence are to be seen at their best and on a grander scale than
in any other portion of Japan. All the noted actors, wrestlers and jugglers make the capital their
head-quarters.

RATES, \$3 TO \$4.50 PER DAY.

C. S. ARTHUR,
Manager.

Mails.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA OVER-
LAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING AT
YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.PROPOSED SAILING FROM HONGKONG.
City of Rio de Janeiro.....Tuesday, 19th July.
China (via Honolulu).....Saturday, 20th August.
Peru.....Thursday, 8th Sept.THE U. S. Mail Steamship
"CITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO"
will be despatched for SAN FRANCISCO, via
YOKOHAMA, on TUESDAY, the 19th July,
at 1 P.M., taking Passengers and Freight for
Japan, the United States, and Europe.RATES OF PASSAGE.
From Hongkong, First-class.
To San Francisco, Vancouver,
Victoria, Esquimaux, New
Westminster, Port Townsend,
Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, O.....\$225.00
To Liverpool and London.....325.00
To Paris and Bremen.....345.00
To Havre and Hamburg.....335.00
Through Passage Tickets granted to England,
France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines
of Steamers.RATES OF PASSAGE TO OVERLAND
CITIES, FIRST CLASS.

DESTINATION.

Kansas City, Mo., Omaha, Neb.,
St. Louis, Mo., Minneapolis, Minn.,
Chicago, Ill., Milwaukee, Wis.,
Cincinnati, Ohio, Columbus, Ohio,
Cleveland, Ohio, Toronto, Canada,
Pittsburg, Penn., Niagara Falls, N.Y., Buffalo, N.Y.,
Washington, D.C., Baltimore, Md.,
Detroit, Mich., Philadelphia, Penn.,
New York.....317.00
Boston, Mass.....317.00
Portland, Maine.....317.00All the above Rates are in Mexican Dollars.
Special rates (first class only) are granted to
Ministers, members of the Naval, Military,
Diplomatic, and Civil Service, to European
Officers in service of China and Japan, and to
Government officials and their families.Passengers by this line have the option of
proceeding Overland by the Southern Pacific
and Connecting Lines, Central Pacific, Northern
Pacific or Canadian Pacific Railways.Return Tickets.—First Class.—Prepaid return
tickets to San Francisco will be issued at follow-
ing rates:—
4 months.....\$337.50
12 months.....\$393.75
Time is reckoned from date of issue to date of
re-embarkation at San Francisco.Passengers who have paid full fare, re-embark-
ing at San Francisco for China or Japan (or
vice versa) within one year will be allowed a
discount of 10 per cent. from Return Fare.
This allowance does not apply to through
tickets from China and Japan to Europe.Through Bills of Lading issued for trans-
portation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports,
to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Cities
of the United States, via Overland Railways, to
Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports
in Mexico, Central and South America, by the
Company's and connecting Steamers.Freight will be received on board mail 4 P.M.
the day previous to sailing. Parcel Packages will
be received at the Office until 5 P.M. same day;
all Parcel Packages should be marked to ad-
dress in full value of same is required.Consular Invoices to accompany Cargo de-
stined to Ports beyond San Francisco, in the
United States, should be sent to the Company's
Office in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the
Collector of Customs at San Francisco.For further information as to Passage and
Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company,
No. 72, Queen's Road Central.J. S. VAN BUREN, Agent.
Hongkong, 19th June, 1892. [1]

Mails.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.'S
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE,
CHINA AND JAPAN.PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM
HONGKONG, 1892.

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

Empress of India, Saturday... July 9th.

Empress of Japan, Saturday... July 30th.

Empress of China, Saturday... August 20th.

THE R. M. S. "EMPERESS OF INDIA,"
Lieut. O. P. Marshall, R.N.R., Commander,
sailing at Noon, on SATURDAY, the 9th July,
1892, with Her Majesty's Mail, will proceed to
VANCOUVER, via SHANGHAI, KOBE
INLAND SEA and YOKOHAMA.RATES OF PASSAGE
(In Mexican Dollars).
FROM HONGKONG, FIRST CLASS.

TO

Vancouver, Victoria, Esqui-
maux, New Westminster,
B.C., Port Townsend, Seattle, Ta-
coma, Wash., Portland, Ore., San Francisco.....325
Banff, Calgary, Altona, Ont., Mon-
treal, Quebec, Que.....310
Winnipeg, Man.....310
To Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, Minn., Kansas City, St. Louis, Mo., Milwaukee, Wis., Detroit, Mich., Cleveland, Columbus, O., Hamilton, London, Toronto, Ont., Buffalo, Niagara Falls, N.Y., Kingston, Ottawa, Ont., Montreal, Quebec, Que.....310
New York, Albany, Troy, Rochester, N.Y., Baltimore, Md., Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Pa., Washington, D.C., Boston, Mass., Portland, Me., Halifax, N.S., St. John, N.B., Liverpool and London via Li-
verpool.....325
Paris, via Liverpool and Lon-
don.....345
Havre, via Liverpool.....335
Bremen.....335
Hamburg.....3352nd class steamer and 1st class on rail, and
2nd class steamer and rail, also Storage Rates
and Rates to other places, quoted on application.
The Steamers call at Victoria to land and
embark passengers.Return Tickets.—Time limit for prepaid return
ticket is reckoned from date of issue to date of
re-embarkation at Vancouver.Through Passage Tickets granted to England,
France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines
of steamers.Special rates (first-class only) are granted to
Ministers, members of the Naval, Military,
Diplomatic, and Civil Service, to European
officials in service of China and Japan, and to
Government officials.CANADIAN.—Through Bills of Lading issued to
Japan, Pacific Coast Ports, and to Canadian
and United States Ports.Consular Invoices of Goods for United States
Ports should be in quadruplicate, and one
copy must be sent forward by the steamer to
the care of D. E. BROWN, Assistant General
Freight and Passenger Agent, Canadian Pacific
Railway, Vancouver, B.C.Parcels must be sent to the Company's Office
with address marked in full by 5 P.M. on the
day previous to sailing.For further information as to Passage or
Freight, apply to
E. HOLLOWAY,
General Agent,
Office, Pedder's Street.
Hongkong, 18th June, 1892. [3]NORTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP AND
RAILROAD COMPANIES.PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM
HONGKONG, 1892.

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

Devonshire, Saturday... July 9th.

Phoebe, Saturday... July 30th.

Parilla, Saturday... August 20th.

A Steamer... Saturday... September 3rd.

AND THEREAFTER THE PERMANENT
SERVICE OF THE COMPANY'S
REGULAR STEAMERS.

THE Steamship

"DEVONSHIRE,"
Captain Anderson, sailing at Noon, on SATUR-
DAY, the 9th July, will proceed to VICTORIA,
B.C., and TACOMA, via NAGASAKI, IN-
LAND SEA, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.Through Bills of Lading issued to Japan,
Pacific Coast Ports, and to Canadian and
United States Ports.Consular Invoices of Goods for United States
Ports should be in quadruplicate, and one
copy must be sent forward by the steamer to
the care of the General Agent, Northern Pacific
Railroad, Tacoma, Wash.Parcels must be sent to our Office with address
marked in full by 5 P.M. on the day previous to
sailing.For further information as to Passage or
Freight, apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 2nd July, 1892. [120]

NOTICE.

KANADA COAL,
FROM
TAGAWA-GORI, BUZEN, JAPAN.NOTICE is hereby given that the Under-
signed have been appointed Sole Agents for the
Sale of the above COAL.MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA,
& Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 2nd June, 1892.

Printed and Published by ROBERT FRASER-
SMITH, No. 6, Pedder's Hill, is the City of
Victoria, Hongkong.